



Three-Year Accreditation

CARF
Survey Report
for
Manistee Benzie
Community Mental
Health dba Centra
Wellness Network

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Organization

Manistee Benzie Community Mental Health
dba Centra Wellness Network
310 North Glocheski Drive
Manistee, MI 49660

Organizational Leadership

Joseph L. Johnston II, LMSW, Executive Director
Ingemar Johansson, Chief Operating Officer
Dennis Risser, Chairperson, Board of Directors

Survey Dates

April 28-30, 2014

Survey Team

Fred Pottle, M.P.A., Administrative Surveyor
James G. Thomas, M.S., RTC, LPC, QMHP, Program Surveyor
Christine S. Walkons, LPC, CADC, CCS-M, Program Surveyor

Programs/Services Surveyed

Assertive Community Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: AOD/MH (Children and Adolescents)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated: AOD/MH (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Children and Adolescents)
Prevention: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Child and Youth Services

Three-Year Accreditation

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Previous Survey

March 21-23, 2011

Three-Year Accreditation

Survey Outcome

Three-Year Accreditation

Expiration: May 2017

SURVEY SUMMARY

Manistee Benzie Community Mental Health dba Centra Wellness Network has strengths in many areas.

- The organization has developed a culture that promotes the delivery of high quality, cost-effective services that are based on best practices. There is demonstrated mutual respect between the board members, leadership personnel, and program staff members, which supports ongoing efforts to ensure the organization's survival and stability in the face of state funding challenges and environmental changes.
- Centra Wellness Network continues to demonstrate a commitment to the provision of services guided by evidence-based practices. This commitment includes the design and development of these practices in collaboration with other entities. This is particularly evidenced by its new facility, the Manistee Wellness Center, which offers integrated healthcare and is a model for rural healthcare areas.
- Centra Wellness Network has incorporated the use of technology throughout the organization and is well positioned to continue to innovate and utilize technology to increase efficiency and expand services.
- The assertive community treatment team has increased the independence of the consumers within the community and reduced hospitalizations through medication management, through individual assistance and group support, and by offering weekly dialectical behavioral therapy and integrated dual diagnosis treatment groups for which consumers are grateful.
- Centra Wellness Network is recognized for its use of the evidence-based practices Second Step and Protecting You/Protecting Me for prevention in the schools. A parent praised the Safenet children's prevention program, and spoke highly of the caring and dedicated staff members who were making a difference in the life of her son.
- The organization uses an efficient intake/admission process that allows the persons served to quickly access services rather than waiting days or weeks to receive treatment.

- The staff members take pride in their programs and in the progress of the persons served. There is evidence of effective clinical and support services within the programs and within the community.
- The organization displays a strong commitment to providing services in attractive, well-maintained, and modern facilities. This communicates to the clients how much they are valued and appreciated.
- The persons served revealed a high level of satisfaction with the services provided. They also consistently commented on how they are treated with dignity and respect, that the staff displays empathy for them, and that their lives have been made significantly better for having been in treatment.
- The facilities are located in buildings that are readily accessible with ample parking and are well maintained, affording safe and healthy environments for the persons served, staff members, and visitors. Each site was warm, bright, and welcoming. The staff members at the front desk were friendly and welcoming.
- The organization is dedicated to meeting the needs of the persons served. This is clearly visible in the staff members' deliberate and thoughtful response to the individual problems of the persons served, which ensures that issues and problems are promptly addressed as they arise.
- There is a high level of teamwork, mutual respect, and communication in all aspects of service provision, including the medical, clinical, and administrative leadership and support staff.
- The funding sources and referral sources speak highly of the organization.
- The organization's leadership and board provide necessary impetus and resources to support overall staff development and enthusiasm that subsequently results in continuous quality improvement and the provision of a high quality of treatment for the persons served.
- The staff is dedicated, competent, creative, caring, and committed to providing the best recovery for the consumers.
- The assertive community treatment team, as a whole, typified the best practice of assertive case management with a "can-do" spirit and genuine caring for the persons served.
- Every person served and family member reported nothing but gratitude and thanks for all that Centra Wellness Network has done in their lives.

Centra Wellness Network should seek improvement in the areas identified by the recommendations in the report. Consultation given does not indicate nonconformance to standards but is offered as a suggestion for further quality improvement.

On balance, Centra Wellness Network has made a dedicated effort to maintain international accreditation. It has demonstrated substantial conformance to the CARF standards, and the persons served are benefiting greatly from the programming provided. The leadership and staff members have made a strong commitment to develop and maintain quality services in this community, and the organization has many strengths and high quality practices. It is acknowledged for its commitment to continuous quality improvement and for its responsiveness to the needs of the

persons served. The organization is aware of the few areas that should be addressed and has the processes in place to continue in its quality improvement efforts and respond to the recommendations in this report.

Manistee Benzie Community Mental Health dba Centra Wellness Network has earned a Three-Year Accreditation. The leadership, staff members, and other stakeholders are congratulated on this achievement. They are encouraged to continue to use the CARF standards to improve organizational performance and to guide their pursuit of excellence.

SECTION 1. ASPIRE TO EXCELLENCE®

A. Leadership

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations identify leadership that embraces the values of accountability and responsibility to the individual organization's stated mission. The leadership demonstrates corporate social responsibility.

Key Areas Addressed

- Leadership structure
- Leadership guidance
- Commitment to diversity
- Corporate responsibility
- Corporate compliance

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

C. Strategic Planning

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations establish a foundation for success through strategic planning focused on taking advantage of strengths and opportunities and addressing weaknesses and threats.

Key Areas Addressed

- Strategic planning considers stakeholder expectations and environmental impacts
 - Written strategic plan sets goals
 - Plan is implemented, shared, and kept relevant
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

D. Input from Persons Served and Other Stakeholders

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations continually focus on the expectations of the persons served and other stakeholders. The standards in this subsection direct the organization's focus to soliciting, collecting, analyzing, and using input from all stakeholders to create services that meet or exceed the expectations of the persons served, the community, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Ongoing collection of information from a variety of sources
 - Analysis and integration into business practices
 - Leadership response to information collected
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

E. Legal Requirements

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations comply with all legal and regulatory requirements.

Key Areas Addressed

- Compliance with all legal/regulatory requirements

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

F. Financial Planning and Management**Principle Statement**

CARF-accredited organizations strive to be financially responsible and solvent, conducting fiscal management in a manner that supports their mission, values, and annual performance objectives. Fiscal practices adhere to established accounting principles and business practices. Fiscal management covers daily operational cost management and incorporates plans for long-term solvency.

Key Areas Addressed

- Budget(s) prepared, shared, and reflective of strategic planning
 - Financial results reported/compared to budgeted performance
 - Organization review
 - Fiscal policies and procedures
 - Review of service billing records and fee structure
 - Financial review/audit
 - Safeguarding funds of persons served
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

G. Risk Management**Principle Statement**

CARF-accredited organizations engage in a coordinated set of activities designed to control threats to their people, property, income, goodwill, and ability to accomplish goals.

Key Areas Addressed

- Identification of loss exposures
 - Development of risk management plan
 - Adequate insurance coverage
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

H. Health and Safety

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations maintain healthy, safe, and clean environments that support quality services and minimize risk of harm to persons served, personnel, and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Inspections
 - Emergency procedures
 - Access to emergency first aid
 - Competency of personnel in safety procedures
 - Reporting/reviewing critical incidents
 - Infection control
-

Recommendations

H.6.c.(1) through H.6.c.(4)

It is recommended that the analysis of emergency procedure testing consistently address areas needing improvement, actions to be taken, results of performance improvement plans, and necessary education and training of personnel.

H.12.b.(2)

H.12.b.(3)

It is recommended that the written report pertaining to the health and safety inspections consistently include recommendations for areas needing improvement and actions taken to respond to the recommendations.

H.13.b.(2)**H.13.b.(3)**

It is recommended that the written report pertaining to health and safety self-inspections consistently include recommendations for areas needing improvement and actions taken to respond to the recommendations.

I. Human Resources**Principle Statement**

CARF-accredited organizations demonstrate that they value their human resources. It should be evident that personnel are involved and engaged in the success of the organization and the persons they serve.

Key Areas Addressed

- Adequate staffing
 - Verification of background/credentials
 - Recruitment/retention efforts
 - Personnel skills/characteristics
 - Annual review of job descriptions/performance
 - Policies regarding students/volunteers, if applicable
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

J. Technology**Principle Statement**

CARF-accredited organizations plan for the use of technology to support and advance effective and efficient service and business practices.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written technology and system plan

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

K. Rights of Persons Served**Principle Statement**

CARF-accredited organizations protect and promote the rights of all persons served. This commitment guides the delivery of services and ongoing interactions with the persons served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Communication of rights
 - Policies that promote rights
 - Complaint, grievance, and appeals policy
 - Annual review of complaints
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

L. Accessibility**Principle Statement**

CARF-accredited organizations promote accessibility and the removal of barriers for the persons served and other stakeholders.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written accessibility plan(s)
 - Status report regarding removal of identified barriers
 - Requests for reasonable accommodations
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

M. Performance Measurement and Management

Principle Statement

CARF-accredited organizations are committed to continually improving their organizations and service delivery to the persons served. Data are collected and information is used to manage and improve service delivery.

Key Areas Addressed

- Information collection, use, and management
 - Setting and measuring performance indicators
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

N. Performance Improvement

Principle Statement

The dynamic nature of continuous improvement in a CARF-accredited organization sets it apart from other organizations providing similar services. CARF-accredited organizations share and provide the persons served and other interested stakeholders with ongoing information about their actual performance as a business entity and their ability to achieve optimal outcomes for the persons served through their programs and services.

Key Areas Addressed

- Proactive performance improvement
 - Performance information shared with all stakeholders
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

SECTION 2. GENERAL PROGRAM STANDARDS

Principle Statement

For an organization to achieve quality services, the persons served are active participants in the planning, prioritization, implementation, and ongoing evaluation of the services offered. A commitment to quality and the involvement of the persons served span the entire time that the

persons served are involved with the organization. The service planning process is individualized, establishing goals and objectives that incorporate the unique strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of the persons served. The persons served have the opportunity to transition easily through a system of care.

A. Program/Service Structure

Principle Statement

A fundamental responsibility of the organization is to provide a comprehensive program structure. The staffing is designed to maximize opportunities for the persons served to obtain and participate in the services provided.

Key Areas Addressed

- Written program plan
 - Crisis intervention provided
 - Medical consultation
 - Services relevant to diversity
 - Assistance with advocacy and support groups
 - Team composition/duties
 - Relevant education
 - Clinical supervision
 - Family participation encouraged
-

Recommendations

A.22.

Although clinical supervision is demonstrated throughout the organization, it is recommended that Centra Wellness Network develop a plan and written procedures for the supervision of all individuals providing direct services.

B. Screening and Access to Services

Principle Statement

The process of screening and assessment is designed to determine a person's eligibility for services and the organization's ability to provide those services. A person-centered assessment process helps to maximize opportunities for the persons served to gain access to the organization's programs and services. Each person served is actively involved in, and has a significant role in, the assessment

process. Assessments are conducted in a manner that identifies the historical and current information of the person served as well as his or her strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences. Assessment data may be gathered through various means including face-to-face contact, telehealth, or written material; and from various sources including the person served, his or her family or significant others, or from external resources.

Key Areas Addressed

- Screening process described in policies and procedures
 - Ineligibility for services
 - Admission criteria
 - Orientation information provided regarding rights, grievances, services, fees, etc.
 - Waiting list
 - Primary and ongoing assessments
 - Reassessments
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Consultation

- It is suggested that the organization expand its assessment to more clearly capture information on sexual orientation and gender expression.
 - Although interpretive summaries were present on the assessments, they often did not integrate or interpret a history of the collected assessment information. It is suggested that the interpretive summaries be more comprehensive and enhanced to provide a greater conceptual overview of the assessment data. Training in this area might be beneficial.
-

C. Person-Centered Plan

Principle Statement

Each person served is actively involved in and has a significant role in the person-centered planning process and determining the direction of his or her plan. The person-centered plan contains goals and objectives that incorporate the unique strengths, needs, abilities, and preferences of the person served, as well as identified challenges and potential solutions. The planning process is person-directed and person-centered. The person-centered plan may also be referred to as an individual service plan, treatment plan, or plan of care. In a family-centered program, the plan may be for the family and identified as a family-centered plan.

Key Areas Addressed

- Development of person-centered plan
 - Co-occurring disabilities/disorders
 - Person-centered plan goals and objectives
 - Designated person coordinates services
-

Recommendations

C.1.c.(4)

It is recommended that the written person-centered plan be based upon the person's preferences.

C.5.b.(1)

C.5.b.(3)

It is recommended that, when an assessment identifies a potential risk for dangerous behaviors, the personal safety plan consistently include triggers and warning signs.

D. Transition/Discharge

Principle Statement

Transition, continuing care, or discharge planning assists the persons served to move from one level of care to another within the organization or to obtain services that are needed but are not available within the organization. The transition process is planned with the active participation of each person served. Transition may include planned discharge, placement on inactive status, movement to a different level of service or intensity of contact, or a re-entry program in a criminal justice system.

The transition plan is a document developed with and for the person served and other interested participants to guide the person served in activities following transition/discharge to support the gains made during program participation. It is prepared with the active participation of person served when he or she moves to another level of care, after-care program, or community-based services. The transition plan is meant to be a plan that the person served uses to identify the support that is needed to prevent a recurrence of symptoms or reduction in functioning. It is expected that the person served receives a copy of the transition plan.

A discharge summary is a clinical document written by the program personnel who are involved in the services provided to the person served and is completed when the person leaves the program (planned or unplanned). It is a document that is intended for the record of the person served and released, with appropriate authorization, to describe the course of services that the program provided and the response by the person served.

Just as the assessment is critical to the success of treatment, the transition services are critical for the support of the individual's ongoing recovery or well-being. The organization proactively attempts to connect the persons served with the receiving service provider and contact the persons served after

formal transition or discharge to gather needed information related to their post-discharge status. Discharge information is reviewed to determine the effectiveness of its services and whether additional services were needed.

Transition planning may be included as part of the person-centered plan. The transition plan and/or discharge summary may be a combined document as long as it is clear whether the information relates to transition or pre-discharge planning or identifies the person's discharge or departure from the program.

Key Areas Addressed

- Referral or transition to other services
 - Active participation of persons served
 - Transition planning at earliest point
 - Unplanned discharge referrals
 - Plan addresses strengths, needs, abilities, preferences
 - Follow-up for persons discharged for aggressiveness
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Consultation

- The organization has a discharge plan that is also used for transferring from one level of care to another. It is suggested that this document be renamed "transition/discharge plan."
-

E. Medication Use

Principle Statement

Medication use is the practice of handling, prescribing, dispensing, and/or administering medications to persons served in response to specific symptoms, behaviors, and conditions for which the use of medications is indicated and deemed efficacious. Medication use may include self administration, or be provided by personnel of the organization or under contract with a licensed individual. Medication use is directed toward maximizing the functioning of the persons served while reducing their specific symptoms and minimizing the impact of side effects.

Medication use includes prescribed or sample medications, and may, when required as part of the treatment regimen, include over-the-counter or alternative medications provided to the person served. Alternative medications can include herbal or mineral supplements, vitamins, homeopathic remedies, hormone therapy, or culturally specific treatments.

Medication control is identified as the process of physically controlling, transporting, storing, and disposing of medications, including those self administered by the person served.

Self administration for adults is the application of a medication (whether by injection, inhalation, oral ingestion, or any other means) by the person served, to his/her body; and may include the organization storing the medication for the person served, or may include staff handing the bottle or blister-pak to the person served, instructing or verbally prompting the person served to take the medication, coaching the person served through the steps to ensure proper adherence, and closely observing the person served self-administering the medication.

Self administration by children or adolescents in a residential setting must be directly supervised by personnel, and standards related to medication use applied.

Dispensing is considered the practice of pharmacy; the process of preparing and delivering a prescribed medication (including samples) that has been packaged or re-packaged and labeled by a physician or pharmacist or other qualified professional licensed to dispense (for later oral ingestion, injection, inhalation, or other means of administration).

Prescribing is evaluating, determining what agent is to be used by and giving direction to a person served (or family/legal guardian), in the preparation and administration of a remedy to be used in the treatment of disease. It includes a verbal or written order, by a qualified professional licensed to prescribe, that details what medication should be given to whom, in what formulation and dose, by what route, when, how frequently, and for what length of time.

Key Areas Addressed

- Individual records of medication
 - Physician review
 - Policies and procedures for prescribing, dispensing, and administering medications
 - Training regarding medications
 - Policies and procedures for safe handling of medication
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

Consultation

- It is suggested that Centra Wellness Network review its medication policies and procedures and update them in order to be congruent with current practices.
-

F. Nonviolent Practices

Principle Statement

Programs strive to be learning environments and to support persons served in the development of recovery, resiliency, and wellness. Relationships are central to supporting individuals in recovery and wellness. Programs are challenged to establish quality relationships as a foundation to supporting recovery and wellness. Providers need to be mindful of developing cultures that create healing, healthy and safe environments, and include the following:

- Engagement
- Partnership—power with, not over
- Holistic approaches
- Respect
- Hope
- Self-direction

Programs need to recognize that individuals may require supports to fully benefit from their services. Staff are expected to access or provide those supports wanted and needed by the individual. Supports may include environmental supports, verbal prompts, written expectations, clarity of rules and expectations, or praise and encouragement.

Even with supports, there are times when individuals may show signs of fear, anger, or pain, which may lead to aggression or agitation. Staff members are trained to recognize and respond to these signs through de-escalation, changes to the physical environment, implementation of meaningful and engaging activities, redirection, active listening, etc. On the rare occasions when these interventions are not successful and there is imminent danger of serious harm, seclusion or restraint may be used to ensure safety. Seclusion and restraint are never considered treatment interventions; they are always considered actions of last resort. The use of seclusion and restraint must always be followed by a full review, as part of the process to eliminate the use of these in the future.

The goal is to eliminate the use of seclusion and restraint in behavioral health, as the use of seclusion or restraint creates potential physical and psychological dangers to the persons subject to the interventions, to the staff members who administer them, or those who witness the practice. Each organization still utilizing seclusion or restraint should have the elimination thereof as an eventual goal.

Restraint is the use of physical force or mechanical means to temporarily limit a person's freedom of movement; chemical restraint is the involuntary emergency administration of medication, in immediate response to a dangerous behavior. Restraints used as an assistive device for persons with physical or medical needs are not considered restraints for purposes of this section. Briefly holding a person served, without undue force, for the purpose of comforting him or her or to prevent self-injurious behavior or injury to self, or holding a person's hand or arm to safely guide him or her from one area to another, is not a restraint. Separating individuals threatening to harm one another, without implementing restraints, is not considered restraint.

Seclusion refers to restriction of the person served to a segregated room with the person's freedom to leave physically restricted. Voluntary time out is not considered seclusion, even though the voluntary time out may occur in response to verbal direction; the person served is considered in seclusion if freedom to leave the segregated room is denied.

Seclusion or restraint by trained and competent personnel is used only when other less restrictive measures have been found to be ineffective to protect the person served or others from injury or serious harm. Peer restraint is not considered an acceptable alternative to restraint by personnel. Seclusion or restraint is not used as a means of coercion, discipline, convenience, or retaliation.

In a correctional setting, the use of seclusion or restraint for purposes of security is not considered seclusion or restraint under these standards. Security doors designed to prevent elopement or wandering are not considered seclusion or restraint. Security measures for forensic purposes, such as the use of handcuffs instituted by law enforcement personnel, are not subject to these standards. When permissible, consideration is made to removal of physical restraints while the person is receiving services in the behavioral health care setting.

Key Areas Addressed

- Training and procedures supporting nonviolent practices
 - Policies and procedures for use of seclusion and restraint
 - Patterns of use reviewed
 - Persons trained in use
 - Plans for reduction/elimination of use
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

G. Records of the Persons Served

Principle Statement

A complete and accurate record is developed to ensure that all appropriate individuals have access to relevant clinical and other information regarding each person served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Confidentiality
- Time frames for entries to records
- Individual record requirements
- Duplicate records

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

H. Quality Records Management**Principle Statement**

The organization has systems and procedures that provide for the ongoing monitoring of the quality, appropriateness, and utilization of the services provided. This is largely accomplished through a systematic review of the records of the persons served. The review assists the organization in improving the quality of services provided to each person served.

Key Areas Addressed

- Quarterly professional review
 - Review current and closed records
 - Items addressed in quarterly review
 - Use of information to improve quality of services
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

INTEGRATED AOD/MENTAL HEALTH

Core programs in this field category are designed to provide a combination of alcohol and other drugs/addictions and mental health services. This may include services provided in a psychosocial format. Services may be provided through a seamless system of care for individuals with needs in one or both areas or for persons with the identified co-occurring disorders.

SECTION 3. BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CORE PROGRAM STANDARDS

Principle Statement

The standards in this section address the unique characteristics of each type of core program area. Behavioral health programs are organized and designed to provide services for persons who have or who are at risk of having psychiatric disorders, harmful involvement with alcohol or other drugs, or other addictions or who have other behavioral health needs. Through a team approach, and with the active and ongoing participation of the persons served, the overall goal of each program is to improve the quality of life and the functional abilities of the persons served. Each program selected for accreditation demonstrates cultural competency and relevance. Family members and significant others are involved in the programs of the persons served as appropriate and to the extent possible.

A. Assertive Community Treatment

Principle Statement

Assertive Community Treatment (ACT) is a multidisciplinary team approach that assumes responsibility for directly providing acute, active, and ongoing community-based psychiatric treatment, assertive outreach, rehabilitation, and support. The program team provides assistance to individuals to maximize their recovery, ensure consumer-directed goal setting, assist the persons served to gain hope and a sense of empowerment, and provide assistance in helping the persons served become respected and valued members of their community. The program provides psychosocial services directed primarily to adults with severe and persistent mental illness who often have co-occurring problems, such as substance abuse, or are homeless or involved with the judicial system.

The team is the single point of clinical responsibility and is accountable for assisting the person served to meet his or her needs and to achieve his or her goals for recovery. Multiple members of the team are familiar with each person served to ensure the timely and continuous provision of services. Services are provided on a long-term care basis with continuity of caregivers over time. The majority of services are provided directly by ACT team members, with minimal referral to outside providers, in the natural environment of the person served and are available 24 hours a day, 7 days per week. Services are comprehensive and highly individualized and are modified as needed through an ongoing assessment and treatment planning process. Services vary in intensity based on the needs of the persons served.

Assertive Community Treatment has been identified as an effective model for providing community-based services for persons whose needs and goals have not been met through traditional office-based treatment and rehabilitation services. Desired outcomes specific to ACT services may include positive change in the following areas: community tenure, independent living, quality of life, consumer satisfaction of the person served, functioning in work and social domains, community integration, psychological condition, subjective well-being, and the ability to manage his or her own health care.

In certain geographic areas, Assertive Community Treatment programs may be called Community Support programs, Intensive Community Treatment programs, Mobile Community Treatment Teams, or Assertive Outreach Teams.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

C. Case Management/Services Coordination

Principle Statement

Case management/services coordination programs provide goal-oriented and individualized supports focusing on improved self-sufficiency for the persons served through assessment, planning, linkage, advocacy, coordination, and monitoring activities. Successful service coordination results in community opportunities and increased independence for the persons served. Programs may provide occasional supportive counseling and crisis intervention services, when allowed by regulatory or funding authorities.

Case management/services coordination may be provided by an organization as part of its person-centered planning and delivery, by a department or division within the organization that works with individuals who are internal and/or external to the organization, or by an organization with the sole purpose of providing case management/services coordination. Such programs are typically provided by qualified case managers/coordinators or by case management teams.

Organizations performing case management/services coordination as a routine function of other services or programs are not required to apply these standards unless they are specifically seeking accreditation for this program.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

H. Crisis Intervention

Principle Statement

Crisis intervention programs offer services aimed at the assessment and immediate stabilization of acute symptoms of mental illness, alcohol and other drug abuse, and emotional distress or in response to acts of domestic violence or abuse/neglect. Crisis intervention services consist of mobile response, walk-in centers, or other means of face-to-face assessments and telephone interventions.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

T. Outpatient Treatment**Principle Statement**

Outpatient treatment programs provide services that include, but are not limited to, individual, group, and family counseling and education on recovery and wellness. These programs offer comprehensive, coordinated, and defined services that may vary in level of intensity. Outpatient programs may address a variety of needs, including, but not limited to, situational stressors, family relations, interpersonal relationships, mental health issues, life span issues, psychiatric illnesses, addictions (such as alcohol or other drugs, gambling, and internet), eating or sexual disorders, and the needs of victims of abuse, domestic violence, or other trauma.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

INTEGRATED DD/MENTAL HEALTH

Core programs in this field category are designed to provide services to persons whose primary diagnoses are intellectual or other developmental disabilities and who are at risk for or exhibiting behavioral disorders or have identified mental health needs. These programs encompass many therapeutic settings and intervention modalities and a commitment to community integration.

SECTION 3. BEHAVIORAL HEALTH CORE PROGRAM STANDARDS**Principle Statement**

The standards in this section address the unique characteristics of each type of core program area. Behavioral health programs are organized and designed to provide services for persons who have or who are at risk of having psychiatric disorders, harmful involvement with alcohol or other drugs, or other addictions or who have other behavioral health needs. Through a team approach, and with the active and ongoing participation of the persons served, the overall goal of each program is to improve the quality of life and the functional abilities of the persons served. Each program selected for accreditation demonstrates cultural competency and relevance. Family members and significant others are involved in the programs of the persons served as appropriate and to the extent possible.

C. Case Management/Services Coordination

Principle Statement

Case management/services coordination programs provide goal-oriented and individualized supports focusing on improved self-sufficiency for the persons served through assessment, planning, linkage, advocacy, coordination, and monitoring activities. Successful service coordination results in community opportunities and increased independence for the persons served. Programs may provide occasional supportive counseling and crisis intervention services, when allowed by regulatory or funding authorities.

Case management/services coordination may be provided by an organization as part of its person-centered planning and delivery, by a department or division within the organization that works with individuals who are internal and/or external to the organization, or by an organization with the sole purpose of providing case management/services coordination. Such programs are typically provided by qualified case managers/coordinators or by case management teams.

Organizations performing case management/services coordination as a routine function of other services or programs are not required to apply these standards unless they are specifically seeking accreditation for this program.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

H. Crisis Intervention

Principle Statement

Crisis intervention programs offer services aimed at the assessment and immediate stabilization of acute symptoms of mental illness, alcohol and other drug abuse, and emotional distress or in response to acts of domestic violence or abuse/neglect. Crisis intervention services consist of mobile response, walk-in centers, or other means of face-to-face assessments and telephone interventions.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

T. Outpatient Treatment

Principle Statement

Outpatient treatment programs provide services that include, but are not limited to, individual, group, and family counseling and education on recovery and wellness. These programs offer comprehensive, coordinated, and defined services that may vary in level of intensity. Outpatient programs may address a variety of needs, including, but not limited to, situational stressors, family relations, interpersonal relationships, mental health issues, life span issues, psychiatric illnesses, addictions (such as alcohol or other drugs, gambling, and internet), eating or sexual disorders, and the needs of victims of abuse, domestic violence, or other trauma.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

V. Prevention

Principle Statement

Prevention programs are proactive and evidence-based/evidence-informed, striving to reduce individual, family, and environmental risk factors, increase resiliency, enhance protective factors, and achieve individual and comprehensive community wellness through a team or collaborative approach. Prevention programs utilize strategies designed to keep individuals, families, groups, and communities healthy and free from the problems related to alcohol or other drug use, mental health disorders, physical illness, parent/child conflict, abuse or neglect, exposure to or experience of violence in the home and community; to inform the general public of problems associated with those issues, thereby raising awareness; or to intervene with at-risk individuals to reduce or eliminate identified concerns. Programs may be provided in the community, school, home, workplace, or other settings.

Organizations may provide one or more of the following three types of prevention programs, categorized according to the audience for which they are designed:

- *Universal* programs target the general population and seek to increase overall well-being and reduce the overall prevalence of problem behaviors, and include comprehensive, well-coordinated components for individuals, families, schools, communities, and organizations. Universal prevention programs promote positive behavior and include social marketing and other public information efforts.
- *Selected* programs target groups that are exposed to factors that place them at a greater than average risk for the problem. These programs are tailored to reduce identified risk factors and strengthen protective factors.

Examples of prevention programs include pregnancy prevention, drop-out prevention, Strengthening Families, substance abuse prevention, violence prevention, HIV prevention, smoking prevention, child abuse prevention, and suicide prevention.

- *Training* programs provide curriculum-based instruction to active or future personnel in child and youth service programs.

Examples of training programs include caseworker training, child welfare supervisory training, foster parent training, leadership training, guardian/guardian ad-litem training, and childcare assistant training.

Key Areas Addressed

- Personnel qualifications
 - Public awareness
 - Appropriate program activities
 - Program strategies
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

SECTION 4. BEHAVIORAL HEALTH SPECIFIC POPULATION DESIGNATION STANDARDS

B. Children and Adolescents

Principle Statement

Programs for children and adolescents consist of an array of behavioral health services designed specifically to address the treatment needs of children and adolescents. Such programs tailor their services to the particular needs and preferences of children and adolescents and are provided in a setting that is both relevant to and comfortable for this population.

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

SECTION 5. COMMUNITY AND EMPLOYMENT SERVICES

A. Program/Service Structure

Principle Statement

A fundamental responsibility of the organization is to provide a comprehensive program structure. The staffing is designed to maximize opportunities for the persons served to obtain and participate in the services provided.

Key Areas Addressed

- Services are person centered and individualized
 - Persons are given information about the organization's purposes and ability to address desired outcomes
 - Documented scope of services shared with stakeholders
 - Service delivery based on accepted field practices
 - Communication for effective service delivery
 - Entrance/exit/transition criteria
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

B. Individual-Centered Service Planning, Design, and Delivery

Principle Statement

Improvement of the quality of an individual's services/supports requires a focus on the person and/or family served and their identified strengths, abilities, needs, and preferences. The organization's services are designed around the identified needs and desires of the persons served, are responsive to their expectations and desired outcomes from services, and are relevant to their maximum participation in the environments of their choice.

The person served participates in decision making, directing, and planning that affects his or her life. Efforts to include the person served in the direction or delivery of those services/supports are evident.

Key Areas Addressed

- Services are person centered and individualized
 - Persons are given information about the organization's purposes and ability to address desired outcomes
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

C. Community Services Principle Standards

Key Areas Addressed

- Access to community resources and services
 - Enhanced quality of life
 - Community inclusion
 - Community participation
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

E. Medication Monitoring and Management

Key Areas Addressed

- Current, complete records of medications used by persons served
- Written procedures for storage and safe handling of medications
- Educational resources and advocacy for persons served in decision making
- Physician review of medication use
- Training and education for persons served regarding medications

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

G. Child and Youth Services**Principle Statement**

Child and youth services provide one or more services, such as prenatal counseling, service coordination, early intervention, prevention, preschool programs, and after-school programs. These services/supports may be provided in any of a variety of settings, such as a family's private home, the organization's facility, and community settings such as parks, recreation areas, preschools, or child day care programs not operated by the organization.

In all cases, the physical settings, equipment, and environments meet the identified needs of the children and youth served and their families. Families are the primary decision makers in the process of identifying needs and services and play a critical role, along with team members, in the process.

Key Areas Addressed

- Individualized services based on identified needs and desired outcomes
 - Healthcare, safety, emotional, and developmental needs of child/youth
-

Recommendations

There are no recommendations in this area.

PROGRAMS/SERVICES BY LOCATION

Manistee Benzie Community Mental Health dba Centra Wellness Network

310 North Glocheski Drive
Manistee, MI 49660

Administrative Location Only

Benzie Community Resource Center

6051 Frankfort Highway, Suite 200
Benzonia, MI 49616

Assertive Community Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated: AOD/MH (Children and Adolescents)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Adults)
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Crisis Intervention: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Crisis Intervention: Integrated: AOD/MH (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Children and Adolescents)
Prevention: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Child and Youth Services

Manistee Wellness Center

2198 US 31 South
Manistee, MI 49660

Assertive Community Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Adults)
Case Management/Services Coordination: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
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Outpatient Treatment: Integrated: AOD/MH (Children and Adolescents)
Prevention: Integrated DD/Mental Health (Children and Adolescents)
Child and Youth Services